Synthesis of Antiferroelectric Liquid Crystal Material Containing Three Asymmetric Carbons

P. A. Kumar and V. G. K. M. Pisipati

Centre for Liquid Crystal Research and Education (CLCRE), Faculty of Physical Sciences, Nagarjuna University, Nagarjuna Nagar 522510, India

Reprint requests to Prof. V. G. K. M. P.: venkata_pisipati@hotmail.com

Z. Naturforsch. **57a**, 807 – 811 (2002); received June 25, 2002

A novel antiferroelectric liquid crystal compound, (S)-4-(2-chloro-3-(4-(2chloro)propyloxyl) phenylpropionato-4'-(2-methyl)butyloxy-biph enylcarboxylate (CCPMBB), comprising of three asymmetric centres, has been synthesized using L-tyrosine as one of the chiral ingredients. The thermal and phase behaviour is studied by thermal microscopy (TM) and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). The ferroelectric studies imply the existence of antiferroelectric phase and a wide thermal span of SM-C* phase. A comparative discussion is made towards the influence of the number of asymmetric centres (more than two in the present case) on the ferroelectric behaviour with its structural analogues.

Keywords: CCPMBB; AFLC; Spontaneous Polarization; Smectic-C*_A.